

WILLAS READY TO WIPE OUT TORREON

Says He Has Enough Powder and Shells to Wipe City Off Mexico Map.

(Continued from First Page.)

with unabated vigor. General Huerta early in the day personally called upon O'Shaughnessy and informed him that the federalists had captured 2000 rebel prisoners in the Carreros district, adjacent to Torreon. Two passenger trains and one freight train, loaded with arms and ammunition and valuable merchandise, were captured by the rebels near Carreros. The war office reports here did not tell of the fate of the passengers and crews on the captured trains.

The telegraph lines between Mexico City and Torreon have been cut by the rebels, and Huerta has ordered a strict censorship of any details of the fighting that may filter through to the capital by wireless or messenger from the north.

Torreon is one of the principal railway centers of Mexico, and the key to the situation in the north. Should the federalists take the town, they would control a strategic position that would make easy their advance on Mexico City.

Sending Troops to Border Move to Impress Rebels

The sending of additional troops to the Mexican border was ordered by President Wilson not only to prevent future conflicts between Texas citizens and the authorities in Mexico, but to impress General Carranza, it is believed here today. The Administration is said to believe that it is about time for Carranza to make a more definite statement regarding his attitude toward the United States as the spokesman for England and other foreign nations whose subjects have been ill-treated in constitutional territory.

Secretary of State Bryan's note told the rebel chief in plain language that he must accept complaints from the United States on behalf of foreigners under the protection of this country.

The particular case with which the secretary was dealing was that of a Spaniard named Ruiz, whose property in tobacco had been confiscated by Villa's soldiers, but the arguments he used disclosed the position of the United States with regard to all foreigners.

The secretary of state told Carranza that inasmuch as England, Germany, Spain, and other countries had recognized the Huerta government, they could not deal with the constitutionally elected government by force, but must deal with it as a government.

General Carranza has thus far refused to indicate his position except in an indirect way. He has told Consul Simpkins that he will afford protection to foreigners as far as possible.

At the White House it was stated this morning that the sending of the additional troops must not be taken as indicating that any crisis was feared, or as a preparation for intervention.

Charles O'Shaughnessy wired this morning to the State Department that the war department at Mexico City has been unable to obtain any trace of the Mexican Innocencio Benavides, who disappeared some time ago. He has been reported to have been killed in the fighting in the United States, but has made no reports to the United States authorities on either side.

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JACK TARS BUDES, SAYS CLEVELANDER

House Merchant Marine Board Hears of Changes in Sailor Life.

The gold old sail is no longer a horny-handed, rough-necked, tobacco-chewing, rolling back; he's a dandy with silk socks, tan pumps, a straw hat, and a suitcase, according to William J. Hunt, of Cleveland, who appeared today before the House Merchant Marine Board.

In opposing the LaFollette seamen's bill, he told the committee that the seamen of today are a different breed from the seamen of thirty years ago.

"Hornish" he snorted, "they actually have ladders nowadays when they paint the ship. We used to climb around like monkeys when we were in force."

Hunt told the committee that drilling of seafaring crews in rough weather is avoided by boat owners because of fear of losing crews.

W. H. Crowley, of the Boston-Marine society, an ex-captain organization, said, "on his word of honor" that sailors nowadays get better food than most of the committee men, and that there is no need of legislation on the subject. He scornfully told the committee that the sailors have descended to an inferior condition through overindulgence."

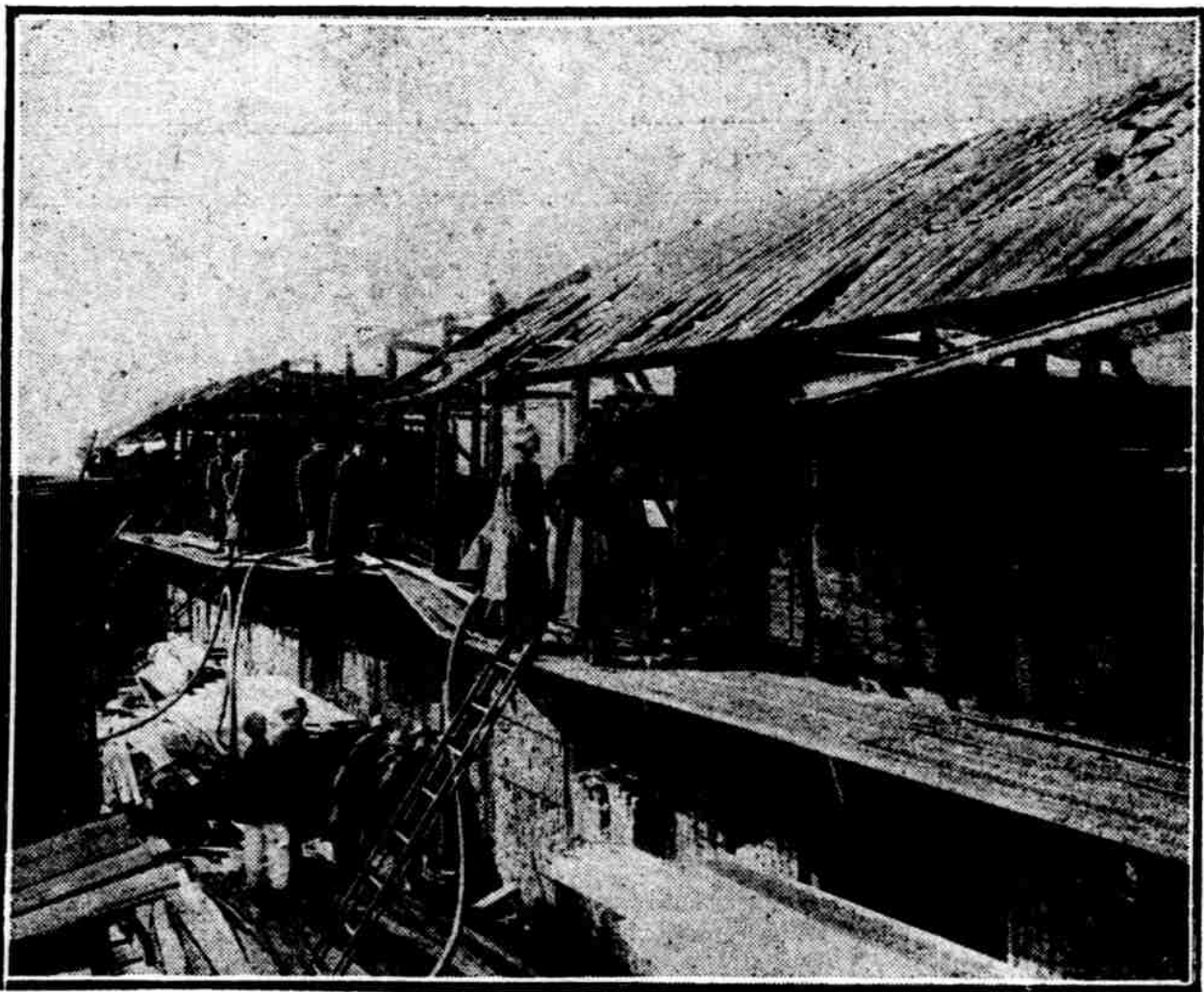
THE WEATHER REPORT.

For the District—Fair tonight and Friday; rising temperature Friday. Maryland—Fair tonight and Friday; rising temperature; light to moderate variable winds.

Virginia—Fair tonight and Friday, preceded by snow in the afternoon; rising temperature Friday; brisk northeast to north winds.

TEMPERATURES.	APPROXIMATE.
U. S. BUREAU.	
8 a. m.	21
9 a. m.	22
10 a. m.	24
11 a. m.	24
12 noon.	25
1 p. m.	26
2 p. m.	27
3 p. m.	28
4 p. m.	29
5 p. m.	30
6 p. m.	31
7 p. m.	32
8 p. m.	33
9 p. m.	34
10 p. m.	35
11 p. m.	36
12 noon.	37
1 p. m.	38
2 p. m.	39
3 p. m.	40
4 p. m.	41
5 p. m.	42
6 p. m.	43
7 p. m.	44
8 p. m.	45
9 p. m.	46
10 p. m.	47
11 p. m.	48
12 noon.	49
1 p. m.	50
2 p. m.	51
3 p. m.	52
4 p. m.	53
5 p. m.	54
6 p. m.	55
7 p. m.	56
8 p. m.	57
9 p. m.	58
10 p. m.	59
11 p. m.	60
12 noon.	61
1 p. m.	62
2 p. m.	63
3 p. m.	64
4 p. m.	65
5 p. m.	66
6 p. m.	67
7 p. m.	68
8 p. m.	69
9 p. m.	70
10 p. m.	71
11 p. m.	72
12 noon.	73
1 p. m.	74
2 p. m.	75
3 p. m.	76
4 p. m.	77
5 p. m.	78
6 p. m.	79
7 p. m.	80
8 p. m.	81
9 p. m.	82
10 p. m.	83
11 p. m.	84
12 noon.	85
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3 p. m.	88
4 p. m.	89
5 p. m.	90
6 p. m.	91
7 p. m.	92
8 p. m.	93
9 p. m.	94
10 p. m.	95
11 p. m.	96
12 noon.	97
1 p. m.	98
2 p. m.	99
3 p. m.	100

VIEW OF FIRE-SWEPT LUMBER YARD



MRS. GILMAN URGES CAUSE OF SUFFRAGE

"In humanity there is no sex!" I wish I could convey in cold type something of the resonance with which Mrs. Charlotte Perkins Gilman, feminist, author and exponent of human achievement, flung that sentence at an audience of several hundred women who gathered in the Woodward & Lothrop Auditorium this morning. And those several applauded vigorously in expressing their approval.

Mrs. Gilman isn't an ordinary speaker. She doesn't say ordinary things. She doesn't tickle the vanity of anybody, not even women, for she strikes fearfully at all our pet follies. But she makes us think, and thinking is a novel exercise to a great many of us.

"This amazing woman dares come among us and tell us things like this: 'We hammer into the minds of our children ideas about men which are grand new; we hammer into them ideas about women which are old and worn. We have changed our ideas since the beginning of the race about our religion, our trades, our dress, but our attitude toward woman has remained the same. We are obsessed with the fact that a certain portion of us are men and that the remaining portion of us are women. FEMALE beings, rather than HUMAN beings.'"

By practically unanimous action, the House Rules Committee today authorized a favorable report upon the resolution of Chairman Adamson, of the House Interstate Commerce Committee, for early consideration, through a special rule, of the bill repealing the long-since-repealed clause of the Panama canal act in favor of American coastwise vessels.

The repeal bill will be presented immediately after passage of the rivers and harbors appropriation bill, late next week, or early in the following week, Chairman Henry of the Rules Committee, said today. He intimated that the debate on adoption of the bill to make the repeal bill privileged business would be extended. The rule proposes that the bill itself be debated two days before a vote.

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THINK FIREBUG SET LUMBER YARD BLAZE

Fire, believed to have been of incendiary origin, early today destroyed the lumber yard of the Woodward & Lothrop Auditorium this morning. The loss is estimated at more than \$100,000, fully covered by insurance.

Members of the firm say they are convinced the warehouse was set on fire by Fire Marshal Nicholson and police of the Fourth precinct.

Starting shortly before 5 o'clock, the flames had gained considerable headway before they were first seen, and by the time the firemen arrived practically the whole building was in flames. The nearest lumber piles in the yard, separated from the warehouse by an alley, and the blaze soon spread to them, but the firemen succeeded in checking the flames before they spread to the other stacks of lumber, and only one alarm was sounded.

The warehouse was destroyed and all the dressed lumber which it contained was ruined. The fire proved a most stubborn one to completely extinguish, and it was not until nearly noon that the firemen left the lumber yard.

To prevent the possibility of the fire breaking out again it was necessary for the firemen to take all the lumber off the partly burned stacks and pile it in other parts of the yard.

The only stove in the lumber yard was in the office, a short distance from the warehouse. The office was not touched by the flames.

Members of the firm said there was no machinery in the warehouse, which could have started the fire. Fire Marshal Nicholson said the fact that the flames spread so rapidly indicated that the blaze could not have originated from sparks falling on it. The exact part of the building where the fire started could not be definitely ascertained.

No one was seen leaving the lumber yard or in the vicinity of the warehouse before the fire was discovered, and a night watchman, who passed the yard about an hour before the fire was first noticed, said he saw no blaze in the yard at the time.

Huerta Outwits Standard Oil Head in Finances

PORT ARTHUR, Tex., March 12.—President Huerta of Mexico and President John D. Archbold, of the Standard Oil Company, have just had a little battle of wits, or, early in the morning, according to a story brought here yesterday by Captain Jenkins, of the oil steamer Winnifred, from Vera Cruz.

The Standard, it is said, shrewdly conceived the plan of buying Mexican silver dollars in New York, where they may be obtained now at a big discount, then ship them to Mexico and get their full value. So the Standard bought and shipped ten barrels full of the dollars to Vera Cruz to pay for its employees throughout Mexico and for other transactions.

The Standard stood to make \$25,000 by the deal.

Huerta was advised. He instructed his customs officials to levy a duty of \$60,000 on a cargo of money on the claim that it was manufactured silver, and thus could not enter free of charge.

The Standard at first protested, then paid up.

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TO RUSH ACTION ON TOLLS REPEAL BILL

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Lee Urges Lamar for Supreme Bench

Maryland Senator Recommends His Law Partner to President Wilson.

George H. Lamar, of Montgomery county, was recommended to President Wilson today by Senator Blair Lee for appointment to the Supreme Court of the District, to succeed the late Chief Justice Clabaugh.

Mr. Lamar is a brother of William Lamar, assistant attorney general of the Postoffice Department, and is a law partner of Senator Lee, having offices in this city.

A number of Marylanders are seeking the place, including Arthur Peter, of Montgomery county; Osborne I. Yellott, assistant counsel for the Maryland Public Service Commission; Judge James P. Gorter, of the supreme court of Baltimore, and former Judge Alfred S. Niles, of Baltimore.

The indications are that Senator John Walter Smith and Senator Lee have agreed on former Congressman Joshua W. Miles of Maryland for the internal revenue collectorship of the Maryland district, in an effort to prevent the appointment of Alfred Raughly of Delaware, a protégé of Senator Willard Saulsbury. Senator Saulsbury called at the White House today with fifty Delaware Democrats in the interest of Mr. Raughly.

Can't Convict Women as Slayings, Says Chicagoan

CHICAGO, March 12.—"You can't convict a woman of murder in this country—especially a pretty woman, and Stella is decidedly pretty," said Assistant State's Attorney O'Brien today, commenting on the acquittal last night of Stella Chesnowitz, charged with the murder of her fiancé, who killed her.

O'Brien from memory compiled a list of women accused of murder in Cook county in recent years, and acquitted.

NEARLY MAD WITH ITCHING HUMOR

Began on Limbs. Spread in Bunches. All Over Body and Arms. Would Scratch Until Fell Asleep From Exhaustion. Cuticura Soap and Ointment Cured in a Week.

Murkville, Va.—"I was an intense sufferer from some sort of humor. It began on my limbs and gradually spread in bunches as large as my two hands on my hips and all over my body. I was nearly mad with the itching and unendurable desire to scratch. As soon as I had done so it would relieve very little and would leave the flesh very red, and flat looking lumps. I would scratch till I fell asleep. I would scratch till I fell asleep from exhaustion. My clothing irritated the breaking out after it had formed sort of a head. Then I would scratch and a watery fluid would ooze from the bumps. The itching sensation was almost unbearable. I would scratch till I fell asleep. I would scratch till I fell asleep from exhaustion. My clothing irritated the breaking out after it had formed sort of a head. Then I would scratch and a watery fluid would ooze from the bumps. The itching sensation was almost unbearable. I would scratch till I fell asleep. I would scratch till I fell asleep from exhaustion. My clothing irritated the breaking out after it had formed sort of a head. Then I would scratch and a watery fluid would ooze from the bumps. The itching sensation was almost unbearable. I would scratch till I fell asleep. I would scratch till I fell asleep from exhaustion. My clothing irritated the breaking out after it had formed sort of a head. Then I would scratch and a watery fluid would ooze from the bumps. The itching sensation was almost unbearable. I would scratch till I fell asleep. I would scratch till I fell asleep from exhaustion. My clothing irritated the breaking out after it had formed sort of a head. Then I would scratch and a watery fluid would ooze from the bumps. The itching sensation was almost unbearable. I would scratch till I fell asleep. I would scratch till I fell asleep from exhaustion. My clothing irritated the breaking out after it had formed sort of a head. Then I would scratch and a watery fluid would ooze from the bumps. The itching sensation was almost unbearable. I would scratch till I fell asleep. I would scratch till I fell asleep from exhaustion. My clothing irritated the breaking out after it had formed sort of a head. Then I would scratch and a watery fluid would ooze from the bumps. The itching sensation was almost unbearable. I would scratch till I fell asleep. I would scratch till I fell asleep from exhaustion. My clothing irritated the breaking out after it had formed sort of a head. Then I would scratch and a watery fluid would ooze from the bumps. The itching sensation was almost unbearable. I would scratch till I fell asleep. I would scratch till I fell asleep from exhaustion. My clothing irritated the breaking out after it had formed sort of a head. Then I would scratch and a watery fluid would ooze from the bumps. The itching sensation was almost unbearable. I would scratch till I fell asleep. I would scratch till I fell asleep from exhaustion. My clothing irritated the breaking out after it had formed sort of a head. Then I would scratch and a watery fluid would ooze from the bumps. The itching sensation was almost unbearable. I would scratch till I fell asleep. I would scratch till I fell asleep from exhaustion. My clothing irritated the breaking out after it had formed sort of a head. Then I would scratch and a watery fluid would ooze from the bumps. The itching sensation was almost unbearable. I would scratch till I fell asleep. I would scratch till I fell asleep from exhaustion. My clothing irritated the breaking out after it had formed sort of a head. Then I would scratch and a watery fluid would ooze from the bumps. The itching sensation was almost unbearable. I would scratch till I fell asleep. I would scratch till I fell asleep from exhaustion. My clothing irritated the breaking out after it had formed sort of a head. Then I would scratch and a watery fluid would ooze from the bumps. The itching sensation was almost unbearable. I would scratch till I fell asleep. I would scratch till I fell asleep from exhaustion. My clothing irritated the breaking